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## **Knowledge Assets Management in small and intermediate enterprise (quantitative approach)**

## **ABSTRACT**

Knowing that third century is the dynamic business system for knowledge creation and utilization. So that in these paper we are taking human side of enterprise dealing with empirical test of new theory of human sources. From business point of view the meaning of knowledge assets is the professional human recourses in the small and intermediate enterprise. We are undergoing a quality of intellectual capital or people-based knowledge and there is a growing realization that high quality goods and services give an enterprise a considerable competitive edge. Some operations managers believe that in the long rune the quality of knowledge based on the single most important factor affecting an operation's performance relative to the competition. Therefore the main aims of paper are:

- 1. What enterprise must do to get professional knowledge assets?
- 2. What's enterprise strategy for managing knowledge assets, considering the following constraints:
- 1. Keeping of competitive advantage
- 2. Doing a good financial result (Max. profit and Min. costs) related with choosing one of the following roles:
- 1. Part time, using knowledge professionals (form time to time)
- 2. Long term using.

To achieves the above aims we are going adept the transportation models when the decision variables are (Xlmn).

As. Prof. Dr. Muiead A. K. Al-Fadel Al-Issra Privet University College of Administration and science Dep. Of: business administration

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-1 -2 -1 2-. 1 . 2 :3.1 Transportation Model  $Z = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \sum_{i=1}^{m} c_{ij} x_{ij} \to Min$   $\sum_{j=1}^{n} X_{ij} = a_{i} (i = 1, 2, \dots, m)$   $\sum_{j=1}^{m} X_{ij} = b_{i} (j = 1, 2, \dots, n)$ ) (1) (2)

Min. objective function

 $K = K_1 + K_{2+} K_3$ 

 $K_1 = \sum_{l=1}^{L} \sum_{m=1}^{M} glm X lm$ 

$$K_2 = \sum_{l=1}^{L} \sum_{m=1}^{M} \sum_{n=1}^{N} ClmnX \, lmn$$

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$$K_3 = \sum_{l=1}^{L} \sum_{m=1}^{M} Slm \ X \ lm$$

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Sut to Constraints :

= X1m = Xm

= n

m

$$\sum_{m=1}^{M} Xlm = Xm$$

$$\sum_{m=1}^{M} Xlmn = b \ln m$$

(m

.(n) (1 )

= B1n =X1mn

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(1)

(3)

(2)

(1)

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.(1) .

(1)

(3) (2)

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إدارة الشركة العامة للألبسة العامة المنابسة المعمل رقم 3 معمل رقم 2 معمل رقم 3

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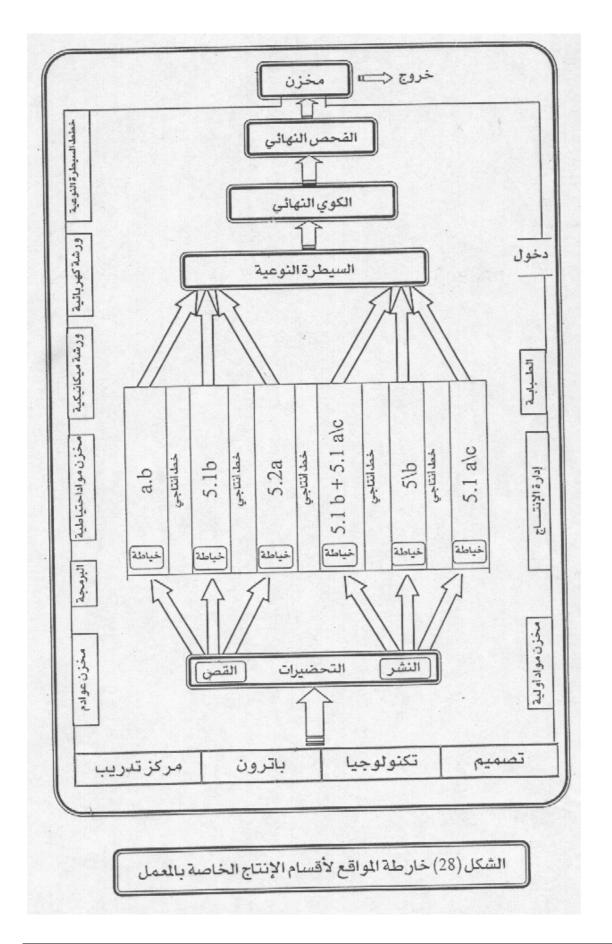
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                                              .(5.4)
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 $(1) \\ \vdots \\ X \\ \downarrow \\ M \\ M \\ 3 = m \\ 6 = n \\ 8 = 1$ 



(1)

(1)

(	)	5. 1 a		5. 1 b	5. 2 a	5. 2 b	5.3	5.4	
Operation No.1	=	•	+						
Operation No.2									
Operation No.3									
Operation No.4									
Operation No.5									
Operation No.6									
Operation No.7									
Operation No.8									
								= Xlmn	

Clmn خلية النقل glm Slm

= Xlmn

= Clmn

= glm = Slm

K = Clmn + glm SLm

.(2)	(M) $(I$	1)	
	(2)		
( )	Xlmn		
X3	X2	X12=10	
(3)	(2)	(1)	8
X13=7	X12=10	X11=13	No.1
X32=3	X22=7	X21=20	No.2
X33=3	X32=8	X31=10	No.3
X43=2	X42=5	X41=10	No.4
X53=3	X53=6	X51=10	No.5
X63=3	X62=4	X61=8	No.6
X73=2	X72=3	X71=7	No.7
X83=2	X82=2	X81=7	No.8
25	45	85	

 $X_1=85$ ,  $X_2=85$ ,  $X_3=25$ 

<sup>(1)</sup>.(**3**) **(3)** ) 54 53 5. 2b 5. 2 a 5. 1 b 5. 1 a B14=2**No.1** B15=0B13=1B11=1B11=0B16=6No.2 B26=5B25=5B24=3B23=1B22=2B11=0B36=4B35=2B34=1No.3 B33=1B32=0B11=4B46=4B45=1B44=1No.4 B43=2B42 = 0B11=5B56=0B55=2B54=0**No.5** B53=0B52=6B11=1B66=6 B65=5B64=0**No.6** B63=3B62=5B11=2B76=5B75 = 4B74=0**No.7** B73=4B72 = 0B11=3**No.8** B86 = 0B85=6B84=3B83=3B82=4B11=5BL3=15 BL6=30 BL5=25 BL4=10 BL2=20 BL1=20

: 4 (CLmn)
- 1
- 2
- 3

(4)

CLm 53 54 5. 2b 5. 2 a 5. 1 b 5. 1 a C11=15C116=50C115=40C114=35C113=40C112=40C111=45No.1 C21=18C123=35C121=40C126=30C125=30C124=30C122=26C31=17C136=22C135=20C134=15C133=16C132=18C131=20C41=16C236=48C235 = 38C214=40C213=45C212=40C211=50No.2 C51=17C226=24C225=25C224=30C223=40C222=25C221=15C61=14C236=17C235=18C234=14C233=18C232=17C231=15C17=21C316=45C315=50C314=50C313=45C312=50C311=35No.3 C81=17C326=35C325 = 40C324=40C323=30C322 = 40C321=30C12=18C336=22C335=20C334=18C333=15C332=20C331=20C414=50C22=17C416=45C415=45C413=48C412=50C411=45No.4 C32 = 22C426=35C425=35C424=36C423=38C422=40C421=35C42=17C436=15C435=20C434=15C433=18C432=20C431=22C52=16C516=50C515=50C514=45C513=50C512=46C511=50No.5 C62=17C526=40C525=44C524=30C523=40C522=36C521=40C72=23C536=20C535=14C533=20C533=20C532=28C531=18C516=50C611=50C82 = 16C616=48C614=48C613=50C612=45No.6 C13=16C626=38C625=38C624=35C623=36C622=25C621=38C23=17C636=15C635=20C634=16C633=16C632=15C631=18C33=18C716=50C715=50C714=48C713=5C712=38C711=45**No.7** C43=19C726=40C725=40C724=40C723=36C722=28C721=30C734=20C732=15C731=15C53=18C736=20C735=22C733=18C815=48 C813=50 C811 = 48C63 = 18C816 = 50C814=48C812=48No.8 C73=19C826=35C825 = 38C824=40C823=35C822=35C821=36C83 = 7C853=18C833=15C832=14C831=20C836=15C834=20C121=40BL1=20 C121=40C121=40C121=40C121=40C121=40

(Xlmn)

(n) (3 2 1 ) (Clmn)

(SLm) (gLm)

( ) 1 2 .3 .2.2 (4) (3) (2) .(Feasible Solution) .1 .(Beast Solution) . 2 .(Optimal Solution) . 3 (5) (North west corner) (129).( ) (☒) K = K1 + K2 + K3(6) (k) (5) (52700)(Best Solution) (7) (120)) (8) .( (496300) (7) (8) .(Stepping stone method) .1 .(Multipliers Method) .2  $Q.S.B^{+}$ .( ) (9)

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 $X123 \rightarrow X136 = 5$ (3) (5) (1) (6) ) k=28960 .(1) (28960)(1) (Xlmn) (524700) ◀ (North west corner method) (96300) < (Least cost method) (28960) < :

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Xlmn

	Allili		T	
X6		X231	=4	
X9		X331	=5	
X12		X431	=3	
X15	<b>→</b>	X531	=4	
X18		X631	=2	
X20		X721	=3	
X21	<b>→</b>	X731	=5	
X25		X112	=4	
X27	<b></b>	X132	=4	
X36	<b></b>	X432	=3	
X42	<b></b>	X632	=2	
X84	<b></b>	X832	=5	
X57	<b></b>	X333	=3	
X59	<b></b>	X423	=1	
X62	<b></b>	X523	=4	
X72	<b></b>	X833	=2	
X78	<b></b>	X234	=2	
X83	<b></b>	X424	=1	
X88	<b></b>	X614	=5	
X94	<b></b>	X814	=2	
X96	<b></b>	X834	=2	
X102	<b></b>	X235	=3	
X108	<b>→</b>	X3151	=4	
X8	<b>──</b>	X815	=2	
X128	<b>──</b>	X326	=2	
X133	<b></b>	X516	=3	
X135	<b></b>	X536	=2	
X140	<b></b>	X726	=3	
X143	<b></b>	X826	=3	
X84	<b></b>	X434	=5	
X53	-	X223	=5	
X66	-	X633	=5	
X75	<b></b>	X134	=5	
X62	<b></b>	X733	=5	
X111	<b></b>	X535	=5	
X123	<b></b>	X136	=5	
	4.4			7 🛦

دينار (K) Z = 28960 دينار

جدول رقم (5) حل المشكلة قيد الدرس على أساس طريقة الركن الشمالي الغربي خطة المناقلة الابتدائية (الممكنة)

		5. La		5.I	h	5.28	,	5	.2b		5.3		5.4	(	)		
				3.1	2.0		•		0		J. <b>.</b> J			(1)	(2)	(3)	
		4 5	1	40	0	4 0	1	3 5	0	4 0	3	5 0	0	g11=10	g12=12	g13=11	
No.1		<b>4</b> <b>0</b>	0	36	1	3 5	0	3 0	5	3 0	2	4 0	0	S11 = 5	S12=6	S13=5	
		2 0	2	18	3	1 6	0	1 5	1	0	5	2 2	2	X 11 = 13	X12=8	X13=6	
		5 0	0	40	0	4 5	1	4 0	0	3 8	1	4 8	0	g 21 = 12	S22=12	g23=11	
No.2		3 0	1	35	0	4 0	6	3 0	0	2 5	0	2 8	0	S 21= 6	S22=5	S23=6	
		1 5	1	17	2	1 8	4	1 4	2	1 8	0	1 7	0	X21=13	X22=7	X23=3	
		3 5	1	50	0	4 5	1	5 0	0	5 0	0	4 5	0	g31=10	g32=15	g33=12	
No.3		3 0	0	40	0	3 0	0	4 0	0	<b>4</b> <b>0</b>	0	3 5	3	S11=7	S32=7	S33=6	
		2 0	0	20	2	1 5	0	1 5	0	2 0	2	2 2	2	X31=8	X32=3	X33=2	
		4 5	0	50	0	4 8	0	5 0	0	4 5	0	4 5	0	g 41=10	g42=12	g43=14	
No.3		3 5	0	40	0	3 8	0	3 6	0	3 5	0	3 5	2	S41=6	S42=5	S43=5	
		2	2	20	1	1 8	0	1 5	0	2 0	2	1 5	2	X41=8	X42=2	X43=0	
		5 0	0	46	1	5 0	0	4 5	1	5 0	0	5 0	0	g51=12	g52=15	g53=12	
No.6		<b>4</b> <b>0</b>	0	36	1	4 0	0	3 0	0	4	1	4 0	1	S51=5	S52=7	S53=6	
		1 8	2	18	1	2 0	1	1 5	0	1 4	2	2 0	4	X51=10	X52=3	X53=11	
		5 0	0	45	0	5	0	8	0	5	2	8	1	g61=10	g62=12	g63=12	
No.7		3 8	2	25	0	3 6	0	3 5	0	3 8	0	3 2	0	S61=4	S62=5	S63=6	
		1 8	2	15	3	1 6	0	1 6	0	2 0	2	1 5	1	X61=8	X62=2	X63=3	
		4 5	0	38	1	5 0	0	4 8	0	5 0	0	5 0	1	g71=15	g72=16	g73=12	
No.7		3 0	1	28	0	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	S71=7	S72=7	S73=6	
		1 5	3	15	1	1 8	0	2 0	0	2 2	0	2 0	1	X71=7	X72=3	X73=0	
		8	0	48	1	5	0	8	0	8	0	5	1	X31=12	g32=10	g33=14	
No.8		3 6	1	35	0	3	1	4 0	0	3 8	0	3 5	0	G21=5	S22=6	S23=6	
		1 6	1	14	1	1 5	1	2 0	1	1 8	2	1 5	1	S21=7	X22=2	X23=2	
	L																
$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}$	$\sum_{L=1}^{\infty} b$	b ln <sup>1=20</sup> b		b 12=20		b 13=15		b 14=10		b 15=25		b 16=30		X1=72	X2=30	X3=18	
		2	0	20	0	23		1	17		24		16	Sg	120	155	

جدول رقم (6) جدول (K1) والمناقله (K2) الاستثمارية (K3) التي بمجموعها تمثل دالة الهدف طبقاً لطريقة الركن الشمال الغربي (west North corner)

الخطوط العمليات	5.1 A	5.1 B	5.2 A	B 5.2	5.3	5.4	المعرو ض	مجمو ع كلف المناقل ة	معمل النجف m=1	معمل بغداد m=2	معمل المو صل m=3	مجمو ع الكلف الموقع ية	مجمو ع الكلف الاستث مارية
No .1	85	90	40	165	200	124		704	130	96	55	281	138
No.2	45	74	357	28	38	68		610	156	84	33	273	131
No.3	35	40	60	0	40	171		346	80	45	24	149	89
No.4	24	20	0	15	40	100		216	80	24	0	104	58
No.5	36	100	20	0	70	120	120	484	120	45	12	177	77
No.6	124	45	0	0	140	63	200 کادر	372	80	24	36	140	60
No.7	75	53	0	0	40	110	,	278	75	48	26	199	68
No.8	52	62	50	20	36	65		285	84	20	28	132	59
المطلوب			120 کادر	•			•					K1= 1405	K3= 680
مجموع الكلف حسب الخطوط	496	484	228	606	821								

K=K1+k2+k3 K=1405 +3162 +680

التكاليف الكلية وحدة نقدية K=5247

جدول رقم (7) حلى المشكلة على أساس العنصر الأقل تكلفة (least cost Method)

الخطوط			5.1B				5.00		5.3				m ä	قع معامل المؤسس	مو
العمليات	5.1	A	5.1	В	5.2	A	5.2	B	5	3	5.4		(1) النجف	(2) بغداد	(3)
	45	1	40	0	40	1	35	0	40	1	50	0	g11=10	g12=12	g13=11
العملية No.1	40	0	36	1	35	0	30	0	30	7	40	2	S11=5	S12=6	S13=5
	20	2	18	3	16	0	15	5	20	5	22	0	X11=13	X12=10	X13=3
	50	0	40	0	45	0	40	0	38	0	48	0	g21=12	g22=12	g23=11
العملية No.2	30	1	35	0	40	1	30	0	25	1	28	0	S21=6	S22=5	S23=3
	15	1	17	1	18	2	14	1	18	5	17	0	X21=20	X22=3	X23=0
	35	1	50	0	45	0	50	0	50	0	45	0	g31=10	g32=15	g33=12
العملية No.3	30	2	40	0	30	0	40	0	40	0	35	0	S31=7	S32=7	S33=6
	20	1	20	1	15	5	18	1	20	1	22	1	X31=10	X32=2	X33=1
	45	0	50	0	48	0	50	0	45	0	45	0	g41=10	g42=12	g43=14
العملية No.4	35	0	40	0	38	0	36	0	35	0	35	0	S41=12	S42=5	S43=5
	22	2	20	1	18	0	15	1	20	2	15	4	X41=10	X42=0	X43=0
	50	0	46	1	50	0	45	0	50	1	50	0	g51=12	g52=15	g53=12
العملية No.5	40	2	36	1	40	0	30	0	44	0	40	0	S51=5	S52=7	S63=6
	18	0	18	2	20	1	15	0	14	2	20	5	X51=10	X52=3	X53=1
	50	0	45	0	50	0	48	0	50	1	48	1	g61=10	g62=16	g63=12
العملية No.6	38	1	25	1	36	0	35	0	38	0	32	0	S61=4	S62=7	S63=6
	18	2	15	2	16	0	16	1	20	0	15	3	X61=8	X62=3	X63=3
	45	0	38	0	50	0	48	0	50	0	50	0	g71=15	g72=16	g73=12
العملية No.7	30	0	28	3	36	0	10	0	40	0	40	0	S71=7	S72=7	S73=6
	15	2	18	3	8	0	20	0	22	0	20	2	X71=7	X72=3	X73=0
	48	0	48	1	50	0	48	0	48	0	50	0	g81=12	g82=10	g83=1
العلمية No.8	36	0	25	0	35	7	40	1	38	0	35	0	S81=5	S82=6	S83=6
	16	1	14	1	15	3	20	0	12	0	15	2	X81=7	X82=2	X83=1
$\sum \sum_{L=1}^{L} b \ln$			b13=	b13=15		b14=10		b15=25		=30	X1=85	X2=26	X3=19		
L=1		وب 120	المطا				المعروض 155 تم انتخاب 120 حسب الكلف الأقل قيمة								

جدول رقم (8) جدول (K1) والاستثمارية (K3) طبقا لطريقة العنصر الأقل كلفه (Least cost method)

مجموع الكلف الاستثما رية	مجموع الكلف الموقعيه	معمل الموصل m=3 رقم (3)	معمل بغداد m=2 رقم (2)	معمل النجف m=1 رقم (1)	مجموع كلف المناقلة	المعرو ض	5.4	5.3	5.2b	5.2a	5.1b	5.1a	الخطو ط العمليا ت
140	383	30 15	120 60	130 65	684		80	350	75	40	54	85	No.1
135	276	0	36 15	240 120	437		170	115	14	76	17	45	No.2
90	142	12 6	30 14	100 70	270		22	20	18	75	20	115	No.3
60	100	0	0	160 60	179		60	40	15	0	20	44	No.4
77	177	12 6	45 21	120 50	346		100	28	0	20	118	80	No.5
60	140	36 18	24 10	80 32	320		93	50	16	0	55	106	No.6
70	153	0	48 21	105 49	199		40	0	0	0	129	30	No.7
59	128	14 6	30 18	84 35	438		30	0	40	290	62	16	No.8
=K3 691	=K1 1399						595	603	178	501	475	521	مجمو الكلف حسب الخطو ط

K= K1+K2+K3 K=1399+2873+691

التكاليف الكلية وحدة نقدية K=4963